GRAPHICAL ABSTRACTS

Design Bioavailable, Symmetry-Based Orally

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 847

Inhibitors of HIV Protease, Dale J. Kempf,* Kennan C. Marsh,

Lynnmarie Codacovi Fino, Pamela Bryant, Adrienne Craig-Kennard, Hing L. Sham, Chen Zhao, Sudthida Vasavanonda, William E. Kohlbrenner, Norman E. Wideburg, Ayda Saldivar, Brian E. Green, Thomas Herrin and Daniel W. Norbeck, Pharmaceutical Products Division, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL 60064

Z = O, $N(CH_3)$; X, Y = OH, H

A series of novel, symmetry-based inhibitors of HIV-1 protease with excellent oral bioavailability is described. Systematic evaluation identified the influence of aqueous solubility, molecular size and hydrogen-bonding functionality upon the pharmacokinetic behavior of these inhibitors in rats

SYNTHESIS, ANTIVIRAL ACTIVITY, and BIOAVAILABILITY STUDIES of YLACTAM DERIVED HIV PROTEASE INHIBITORS.

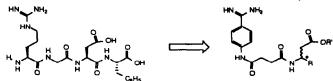
BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 859

R. W. Hungate*, J. L. Chen, K. E. Starbuck, J. P. Vacca, S. L. McDaniel, R. B. Levin, B. D. Dorsey, J. P. Guare, W. Whitter, M. K. Holloway, P. L. Darke, J. A. Zugay, W. A. Schleif, E. A. Emini, J. C. Quintero, J. H. Lin, I-Wu Chen, P. S. Anderson, J. R. Huff. Merck Research Laboratories, West Point, Pennsylvania 19486

Incorporation of a γ -lactam in hydroxyethylene isosteres results in modest inhibitors of HIV-1 protease. Using 2(S)-amino-1 (R)-hydroxy-3(R)-methylcyclopentane at the C-terminus has produced significantly more potent inhibitors (e.g. 36 and 60).

Design of Orally Active, Non-Peptide Fibrinogen Receptor Antagonists. An Evolutionary Process from the R-G-D Sequence BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 881

to Novel Anti-Platelet Aggregation Agents. Bovy, P. R.; Tjoeng, F. S.; Rico, J. G.; Lindmark, R. J.; Rogers, T. E.; Zablocki, J. A.; Garlan, R. B.; McMackins, D. E.; Dayringer, H.; Tóth, M. V.; Zupec, M. E.; Rao, S.; Panzer-Knodle, S. G.; Nicholson, N. S.; Salyers, A.; Taite, B. B.; Herin, M.; Miyano, M.; Feigen, L. P.; Adams, S. P.; †Thrombosis Research, Searle, 4901 Searle Parkway, Skokie, IL, 60077 and Monsanto Corporate Research, Chemical Sciences, 700 Chesterfield Parkway North, St Louis, MO, 63198, USA



The design of potent, non-peptide fibrinogen receptor antagonists based on the Arg-Gly-Asp (RGD) sequence is presented. An ethyl ester prodrug of several compounds, e.g., where R = (S)-3-pyridyl, were orally active in the dog; in vivo activity was measured with an ex vivo antiaggregatory assay.

Design of a Potent and Orally Active Nonpeptide Platelet Fibrinogen Receptor (GPIIB/IIIA) Antagonist

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 897

W. E. Bondinell, a* R. M. Keenan, a* W. H. Miller, a* F. E. Ali, a A. C. Allen, b C. W. De Brosse, b D. S. Eggleston, C. K. F. Erhard, R. C. Haltiwanger, C. W. F. Huffman, S.-M. Hwang, D. R. Jakas, P. F. Koster, T. W. Ku, C. P. Lee, A. J. Nichols, S. T. Ross, J. M. Samanen, R. E. Valocik, J. A. Vasko-Moser, J. W. Venslavsky, A. S. Wong, and C.-K. Yuan Departments of Medicinal Chemistry, Analytical Sciences, Physical and Structural Chemistry, Cellular Biochemistry, Drug Delivery, and Pharmacology, Research & Development Division, SmithKline Beecham Pharmaceuticals, 709

Swedeland Road, P.O. Box 1539, King of Prussia, PA 19406-0939

N-Methylation of the potent, nonpeptide GPIIb/IIIa antagonist 3 (SB 207448) gave 4 (SB 208651); both compounds have high affinity for human GPIIb/IIIa and are potent inhibitors of human platelet aggregation in vitro, however, only 4 displayed oral activity following intraduodenal administration.

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 909

Renin Inhibitor SC-51106 Complexed with

Human Renin: Discovery of a New Binding Site Adjacent to P₃ Gunnar J. Hanson* and Michael Clare, Searle Research, 4901 Searle Parkway, Skokie, IL 60077, Neena L. Summers, Louis W. Lim, David J. Neidhart, Huey S. Shieh and Anna M. Stevens Monsanto Corporate Research 700 ChesterfieldParkway North, Chesterfield, MO 63017 SC-51106, a "minimal-size" diol-based renin inhibitor lacking a P4 residue, has been co-crystallized with human renin and the structure of the complex determined by X-ray crystallography. This study defines the mode of binding of this important class of renin inhibitor, and in conjuction with molecular modeling, has led to the discovery of a new binding site adjacent to S₃, which is termed the "S₃ aux(iliary)" subsite.

HIV-1 PROTEASE INHIBITORS: KETOMETHYLENE ISOSTERES WITH UNUSUALLY HIGH AFFINITY COMPARED WITH HYDROXYETHYLENE ISOSTERE ANALOGS

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 919

Anne Marinier*, Mihaly V. Toth*, Kathryn Houseman*, Richard Mueller* and Garland R. Marshall*

*Center for Molecular Design and Department of Molecular Biology and Pharmacology, Washington University, St. Louis, MO 63130; *Searle Research and Development, Skokie, IL 60077

In contrast to the enhanced affinity seen with renin and pepsin upon conversion of the transition-state isostere, ketomethylene, to the hydroxyethylene, a set of HIV protease inhibitors showed a reduction in affinity.

RENIN INHIBITORS: C-TERMINAL OXETANES AS POTENT TRANSITION-STATE MIMICS

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 927

Saul H. Rosenberg,* Kenneth P. Spina, Herman Stein, Jerome Cohen, William R. Baker, and Hollis D. Kleinert *Pharmaceutical Products Division. Abbott Laboratories. Abbott Park. IL* 60064

A novel transition-state mimic containing a C-terminal oxetane has been developed. Renin inhibitors incorporating this fragment exhibit enhanced potency against human plasma renin at physiologic pH.

Synthesis and Biological Activity of Ras Farnesyl Protein Transferase Inhibitors. Tetrapeptide Analogs with Amino Methyl and Carbon Linkages.

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 939

John S. Wai, Dona L. Bamberger, Thorsten E. Fisher, Samuel L. Graham, Robert L. Smith, Jackson B. Gibbs, Scott D. Mosser, Allen I. Oliff, David L. Pompliano, Elaine Rands, Nancy E. Kohl. Merck Research Laboratories, West Point, Pennsylvania 19486

Replacement of the central amino methylene linkage of C[ψ CH2NH]A[ψ CH2NH]AX tetrapeptide inhibitors with carbon tethers led to compounds with potency in the nanomolar range. Some of the more potent olefinic compounds inhibit Ras processing in intact v-ras transformed NIH 3T3 cells with IC50 values in the 0.1 to 1 μ M range, and inhibit selectively the anchorage-independent growth of H-ras transformed Rat1 cells at 10 μ M.

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 949

BENZODIAZEPINE PEPTIDOMIMETIC INHIBITORS OF FARNESYLTRANSFERASE

James C. Marsters, Jr.*, Robert S. McDowell, Mark E. Reynolds, David A. Oare, Todd C. Somers, Mark S. Stanley, Thomas E. Rawson, Martin E. Struble, Daniel J. Burdick, Kathryn S. Chan, Charles M. Duarte, Kenneth J. Paris, Jeff Y. K. Tom, Dairian T. Wan, Yingchun Xue, and John P. Burnier. Department of Bioorganic Chemistry, Genentech Inc.,

460 Pt. San Bruno Blvd., South San Francisco, CA 94080

Abstract: The synthesis of novel inhibitors of CAAX protein farnesyltransferase in which the central dipeptide (A1A2) has been replaced with 3-aminomethyl-1-carboxymethyl-2,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-1H-1,4benzodiazepin-2-one (BZA) are described (IC50 = 0.3 nM).

HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS RIBONUCLEOTIDE REDUCTASE SUBUNIT ASSOCIATION INHIBITORS: THE EFFECT AND CONFORMATION OF β-ALKYLATED ASPARTIC ACID DERIVATIVES

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 959

N. Moss^{†*}, R. Déziel[†], J.-M. Ferland[†], S. Goulet[†], P. J. Jones[‡], S. Leonard[‡], P. Pitner[‡], and R. Plante[†]. [†]Bio-Méga/Boehringer Ingelheim Research Inc., 2100 Cunard, Laval, Quebec, Canada, H7S 2G5. [‡]Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals Inc., 900 Ridgebury Road, P.O. Box 368, Ridgefield, CT 06877.

Replacing the aspartic acid moiety in our ribonucleotide reductase inhibitors with β-alkylated aspartic acid derivatives can improve inhibitor potency up to 50 fold. Evidence suggests that appropriate β-alkyl groups (R₁ and R₂) favor the putative bioactive conformation of the important aspartic acid carboxyl group.

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 971

CONFORMATIONALLY CONSTRAINED 0-TOLYLPIPERAZINE CAMPHORSULFONAMIDE OXYTOCIN ANTAGONISTS. STRUCTURAL MODIFICATIONS THAT PROVIDE HIGH RECEPTOR

Peter D. Williams,* Richard G. Ball, Bradley V. Clineschmidt, J. Chris Culberson, Jill M. Erb, Roger M. Freidinger, Joseph M. Pawluczyk, Debra S. Perlow, Douglas J. Pettibone, and Daniel F. Veber.

Departments of Medicinal Chemistry, New Lead Pharmacology, Molecular Systems, Biophysical Chemistry, Merck Research Laboratories, West Point, PA 19486,

and Rahway, NJ 07065 USA Abstract: A series of novel o-tolylpiperazine camphorsulfonamide oxytocin antagonists containing rotationally restricted 1-acylamino-2-propyl substituents at the C2-endo position on camphor is described.

AFFINITY AND SUGGEST A BIOACTIVE CONFORMATION.

Selective Non-peptide Ligands for an Accommodating Peptide Receptor. Imidazobenzodiazepines as Potent Cholecystokinin

Type B Receptor Antagonists. M. G. Bock, * R. M. DiPardo, R. C. Newton, J. M. Bergman, D. F. Veber, S. B. Freedman, £ A.J. Smith, £ K. L. Chapman, £ S. Patel, £ J. A. Kemp, £ G. R. Marshall, £ R. M. Freidinger Departments of Medicinal Chemistry and EBiochemistry Merck Research Laboratories, West Point, PA 19486 ENeuroscience Research Centre, Terlings Park, Harlow, Essex, CM20 2QR,

New imidazobenzodiazepine CCK-B receptor antagonists, exemplified by the potent and selective compound 12, are described.

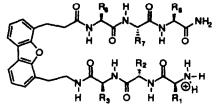
BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 987

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 999

AMINO ACIDS THAT SPECIFY SECONDARY STRUCTURE

THROUGH HYDROPHOBIC CLUSTERING AND

HISTIDINE-AROMATIC INTERACTIONS LEAD TO BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE PEPTIDOMIMETICS N.R. Graciani, K.Y. Tsang, S.L. McCutchen and Jeffery W. Kelly P. P. Department of Chemistry, Texas A&M University



Acyclic β-sheets can be nucleated in heptapeptides when the 4-(2-aminoethyl)-6-dibenzofuran propanoic acid residue is flanked in sequence by two His residues, a His residue and a hydrophobic residue or by hydrophobic residues. Peptidomimetics with the antimicrobial activity of gramicidin S are reported.

BioMed. Chem. 1994, 2, 1007

Peptidomimetic Antagonists Designed To Inhibit The Binding Of CD4 To HIV gp120

Savithri Ramurthy[‡], Min S. Lee^{†‡}, Hiroshi Nakanishi^{†‡}, Richard Shen[‡], and Michael Kahn^{†‡*}

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